7005YLPED FCM YELLOW

Version Number 1.0 Revision Date 08/20/2019

Page 1 of 17 Print Date 08/21/2019

SAFETY DATA SHEET

7005YLPED FCM YELLOW

Section 1. Identification		
GHS product identifier	:	7005YLPED FCM YELLOW
Chemical name	:	Mixture
CAS number	:	Mixture
Other means of identification	:	CC10310153
Product type	:	solid
<u>Relevant identified uses of the subs</u> Supplier's details	tance	or mixture and uses advised against Mesa Industries
Supplet 5 dealis	•	230 N 48th Avenue Phoenix, AZ 85043
		(602) 269-3199
Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)	:	CHEMTREC 1-800-424-9300 (24hrs for spill, leak, fire, exposure or accident).

Section 2. Hazards identification

This mixture has not been evaluated as a whole. Information provided on the health effects of this product is based on individual components. All ingredients are bound and potential for hazardous exposure as shipped is minimal. However, some vapors may be released upon heating and the end-user (fabricator) must take the necessary precautions (mechanical ventilation, respiratory protection, etc.) to protect employees from exposure. After handling, always wash hands thoroughly with soap and water.

OSHA/HCS status	:	This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
Classification of the substance or mixture	:	COMBUSTIBLE DUSTS
GHS label elements		
Signal word Hazard statements	:	Warning May form combustible dust concentrations in air.

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7005YLPED FCM YELLOW

Version Number 1.0 Revision Date 08/20/2019 Page 2 of 17 Print Date 08/21/2019

General	: Not applicable.
Prevention	: Not applicable.
Response	: Not applicable.
Storage	: Not applicable.
Disposal	: Not applicable.
Supplemental label elements	: Keep container tightly closed.
Hazards not otherwise classified	: None known.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	:	Mixture
Chemical name	:	Mixture
Other means of identification	:	CC10310153

CAS number/other identifiers

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Titanium dioxide	10 - 25	13463-67-7

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	:	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.
Inhalation	:	Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health





7005YLPED FCM YELLOW

Version Number 1.0	Page 3 of 17
Revision Date 08/20/2019	Print Date 08/21/2019

		effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Skin contact	:	Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	:	Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects		
Eye contact	:	Exposure to airborne concentrations above statutory or recommended exposure limits may cause irritation of the eyes.
Inhalation	:	Exposure to airborne concentrations above statutory or recommended exposure limits may cause irritation of the nose, throat and lungs.
Skin contact	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Over-exposure signs/symptoms		
Eye contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Inhalation	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing
Skin contact	:	No specific data.
Ingestion	:	No specific data.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary



7005YLPED FCM YELLOW

Version Number 1.0	Page 4 of 17
Revision Date 08/20/2019	Print Date 08/21/2019

Notes to physician	:	In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Specific treatments	:	No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Firefighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	Use dry chemical powder. Avoid high pressure media which could cause the formation of a potentially explosible dust-air mixture.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	:	May form explosible dust-air mixture if dispersed.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	:	Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides sulfur oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire- fighters	:	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire- exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	:	Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self- contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without
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7005YLPED FCM YELLOW

Version Number 1.0	Page 5 of 17
Revision Date 08/20/2019	Print Date 08/21/2019

For emergency responders	:	suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing dust. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and materials for containme	nt ai	nd cleaning up
Small spill	:	Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion- proof equipment. Vacuum or sweep up material and place in a designated, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	:	Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion- proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Vacuum or sweep up material and place in a designated, labeled waste container. Avoid creating dusty conditions and prevent wind dispersal. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing dust. Avoid the creation of dust when handling and avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Prevent dust accumulation. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Electrical equipment and lighting should be protected to appropriate standards to prevent dust coming into contact with hot surfaces, sparks or other ignition sources. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by grounding



7005YLPED FCM YELLOW

Version Number 1.0 Revision Date 08/20/2019	Page 6 of 17 Print Date 08/21/2019
	and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not
Advice on general occupational hygiene	 reuse container. Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

 fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposur airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory lim The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion ventilation equipment. Environmental exposure controls : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be 	Ingredient name		Exposure limits
 fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposur airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory lim The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion ventilation equipment. Environmental exposure controls : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be 	Titanium dioxide		TWA 10 mg/m3 Form: Total dust OSHA PEL (1993-06-30) TWA 15 mg/m3 Form: Total dust ACGIH TLV (1996-05-18)
checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of			ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof



7005YLPED FCM YELLOW

Version Number 1.0 Revision Date 08/20/2019

Page 7 of 17 Print Date 08/21/2019

environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures Eye/face protection	:	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields. If operating conditions cause high dust concentrations to be produced, use dust goggles.
Skin protection		
Hand protection	:	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Body protection	:	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Other skin protection	:	Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	:	Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

7005YLPED FCM YELLOW

Version Number 1.0 Revision Date 08/20/2019



Page 8 of 17 Print Date 08/21/2019

Appearance

Physical state	:	solid [Powder.]
Color	:	YELLOW
Odor	:	Not available.
Odor threshold	:	Not available.
pH	:	Not available.
Melting point	:	Not available.
Boiling point	:	Not available.
Flash point	:	Not available.
Burning time	:	Not available.
Burning rate	:	Not available.
Evaporation rate	:	Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Not available.
Lower and upper explosive	:	Lower: Not available.
(flammable) limits		Upper: Not available.
Vapor pressure	:	Not available.
Vapor density	:	Not available.
Relative density	:	Not available.
Solubility	:	Not available.
Solubility in water	:	Not available.
Partition coefficient: n-	:	Not available.
octanol/water		
Auto-ignition temperature	:	Not available.
Decomposition temperature		Not available.
Decomposition temperature	•	1 tot u vulluolo.
SADT	:	Not available.
	:	r (of a fanaoit)

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	:	No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	:	Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section 7).
Possibility of hazardous reactions	:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	:	Avoid the creation of dust when handling and avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by grounding and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Prevent dust accumulation.
Incompatible materials	:	Reactive or incompatible with the following materials:



7005YLPED FCM YELLOW

Version Number 1.0 Revision Date 08/20/2019

Page 9 of 17 Print Date 08/21/2019

		oxidizing materials
Hazardous decomposition	:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition
products		products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

This mixture has not been evaluated as a whole for health effects. Exposure effects listed are based on existing health data for the individual components which comprise the mixture.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure					
Titanium dioxide									
Remarks - Oral:	Oral: No applicable toxicity data								
	LC50 Inhalation Rat - Male 6.82 Mg/l 4 h								
	LD50 Dermal Rabbit > 5,000 mg/kg -								
Conclusion/Summary : Mixture.Not fully tested.									

Conclusion/Summary

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Titanium dioxide	Skin - Mild irritant	Human		72 hrs	-
Conclusion/Summary		•			
Skin	: N	lixture.Not fu	lly tested.		
Eyes	: N	lixture.Not fu	lly tested.		
Respiratory	: N	lixture.Not fu	lly tested.		
<u>Sensitization</u>					
Conclusion/Summary					
Skin		lixture.Not fu	•		
Respiratory	: N	lixture.Not fu	lly tested.		
Mutagenicity					
Conclusion/Summary	: N	lixture.Not fu	lly tested.		
Carcinogenicity					
Conclusion/Summary <u>Classification</u>	: N	lixture.Not fu	lly tested.		

7005YLPED FCM YELLOW

Version Number 1.0 Revision Date 08/20/2019

Page 10 of 17 Print Date 08/21/2019

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP		
Titanium dioxide		2B			
Reproductive toxicity					
Conclusion/Summary	: N	lixture.Not fully	ested.		
<u>Teratogenicity</u>					
Conclusion/Summary	: N	lixture.Not fully	ested.		
Specific target organ toxicity Not available.	(single exposu	<u>ure)</u>			
Specific target organ toxicity Not available.	(repeated exp	<u>osure)</u>			
Aspiration hazard Not available.					
Information on likely routes of exposure	of : N	ot available.			
Potential acute health effects					
Eye contact			ne concentrations above statutory or recommended y cause irritation of the eyes.		
Inhalation	: E	xposure to airbor	ne concentrations above statutory or recommended y cause irritation of the nose, throat and lungs.		
Skin contact	: N	o known signific	ant effects or critical hazards.		
Ingestion	: N	o known signific	ant effects or critical hazards.		
Symptoms related to the phys	ical, chemical	and toxicologica	l characteristics		
Eye contact	ir	ritation	may include the following:		
Inhalation	: A re	spiratory tract irr	may include the following: itation		
		oughing			
Skin contact		o specific data.			
Ingestion	: N	: No specific data.			

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure



Short term exposure

SAFETY DATA SHEET

7005YLPED FCM YELLOW

Version Number 1.0 Revision Date 08/20/2019



Page 11 of 17 Print Date 08/21/2019

Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.
Long term exposure		
Potential immediate effects Potential delayed effects	:	Not available. Not available.
Potential chronic health effects		
Conclusion/Summary	:	Mixture.Not fully tested.
General	:	Repeated or prolonged inhalation of dust may lead to chronic respiratory irritation.
Carcinogenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Developmental effects	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Numerical measures of toxicity		

Acute toxicity estimates

Not available.

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Titanium dioxide			
	Acute LC50 > 1,000 Mg/l Marine	Fish - Fish	96 h
	water		
Remarks - Acute - Fish:	Acute		
	Acute LC50 3 Mg/l Fresh water	Aquatic invertebrates.	48 h
		Crustaceans	
Remarks - Acute - Aquatic	Acute		
invertebrates.:			

7005YLPED FCM YELLOW

Version Number 1.0 Revision Date 08/20/2019 Page 12 of 17 Print Date 08/21/2019

	Acute LC50 6.5 M	g/l Fresh water	Aquatic invertebrates. Daphnia	48 h
Remarks - Acute - Aquatic invertebrates.:	Acute			
Remarks - Acute - Aquatic plants:	No applicable toxi	city data		
Remarks - Chronic - Fish:	No applicable toxi	city data		
Remarks - Chronic -	No applicable toxi			
Aquatic invertebrates.:	11	2		
Conclusion/Summary	: Not av	ailable.		
Persistence and degradability Conclusion/Summary Bioaccumulative potential Not available.	-	vailable.		
<u>Mobility in soil</u>				
Soil/water partition coefficie (KOC)	ent : Not av	vailable.		
Other adverse effects	: No kn	own significant ef	fects or critical hazards.	
Section 13. Dispos	al considera	tions		

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever **Disposal methods** : possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.



7005YLPED FCM YELLOW

Version Number 1.0 Revision Date 08/20/2019

Page 13 of 17

Print Date 08/21/2019

United States - RCRA Acute hazardous waste "P" List: Not listed

United States - RCRA Toxic hazardous waste "U" List: Not listed

Section 14. Transport information

U.S.DOT 49CFR Ground/Air/Water	:	Not regulated for transportation.
International Air ICAO/IATA	:	Consult mode specific transport rules
International Water IMO/IMDG	:	Consult mode specific transport rules

Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations	:	United States - TSCA 12(b) - Chemical export notification: None of the components are listed.
		United States - TSCA 4(a) - Final Test Rules: Not listed
		United States - TSCA 4(a) - ITC Priority list: Not listed
		United States - TSCA 4(a) - Proposed test rules: Not listed
		United States - TSCA 4(f) - Priority risk review: Not listed
		United States - TSCA 5(a)2 - Final significant new use rules: Not listed
		United States - TSCA 5(a)2 - Proposed significant new use rules: Not listed
		United States - TSCA 5(e) - Substances consent order: Not listed
		United States - TSCA 6 - Final risk management: Not listed
		United States - TSCA 6 - Proposed risk management: Not listed
		United States - TSCA 8(a) - Chemical risk rules: Not listed
		United States - TSCA 8(a) - Dioxin/Furane precusor: Not listed
		United States - TSCA 8(a) - Chemical Data Reporting (CDR): Not
		determined
		United States - TSCA 8(a) - Preliminary assessment report
		(PAIR): Not listed
		United States - TSCA 8(c) - Significant adverse reaction (SAR): Not listed
		United States - TSCA 8(d) - Health and safety studies: Not listed
		United States - EPA Clean water act (CWA) section 307 - Priority
		pollutants: Listed Zinc ferrite brown spinel (C.I. Pigment

7005YLPED FCM YELLOW

Version Number 1.0 Revision Date 08/20/2019



Page 14 of 17 Print Date 08/21/2019

		Yellow 119) Zinc stearate Nickel Chromium Arsenic
		United States - EPA Clean water act (CWA) section 311 - Hazardous substances: Not listed United States - EPA Clean air act (CAA) section 112 - Accidental release prevention - Flammable substances: Not listed United States - EPA Clean air act (CAA) section 112 - Accidental release prevention - Toxic substances: Not listed United States - Department of commerce - Precursor chemical: Not listed
Clean Air Act Section 112(b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)	:	Listed
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances	:	Not listed
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances	:	Not listed
DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals)	:	Not listed
DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals)	:	Not listed

US. EPA CERCLA Hazardous Substances (40 CFR 302)

not applicable

SARA 311/312

Classification

: COMBUSTIBLE DUSTS

Composition/information on ingredients

Name	%	Classification
Titanium dioxide	>= 10 - <= 25	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
Zinc stearate	>= 10 - <= 25	COMBUSTIBLE DUSTS

SARA 313

	Product name	CAS number	%
Form R - Reporting	Zinc ferrite brown spinel	68187-51-9	10 - 25



7005YLPED FCM YELLOW

Version Number 1.0 Revision Date 08/20/2019 Page 15 of 17 Print Date 08/21/2019

requirements	(C.I. Pigment Yellow 119)		
	Zinc stearate	557-05-1	10 - 25
Supplier notification	Zinc stearate	557-05-1	10 - 25
	Zinc ferrite brown spinel (C.I. Pigment Yellow 119)	68187-51-9	10 - 25

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

State regulations		
Massachusetts		None of the components are listed.
New York	:	None of the components are listed.
New Jersey	:	The following components are listed:
		Quartz
		Zinc stearate
		Titanium dioxide
		Zinc ferrite brown spinel (C.I. Pigment Yellow 119)
		Calcium carbonate
Pennsylvania		The following components are listed:
		Calcium carbonate
		Zinc ferrite brown spinel (C.I. Pigment Yellow 119)
		Titanium dioxide
		Zinc stearate
		Quartz

California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including Quartz, Titanium dioxide, which are known to the State of California to cause cancer. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

Ingredient name	No significant risk level	Maximum acceptable dosage level
Quartz	No.	No.
Titanium dioxide	No.	No.

:

Canada inventory

15/17

At least one component is not listed in DSL but all such components

7005YLPED FCM YELLOW

Version Number 1.0 Revision Date 08/20/2019



Page 16 of 17 Print Date 08/21/2019

are listed in NDSL.

International regulations

Inventorv	list

Australia Canada	:	All components are listed or exempted. At least one component is not listed in DSL but all such components are listed in NDSL.
China	:	All components are listed or exempted.
Europe inventory	:	All components are listed or exempted.
Japan	:	Not determined.
New Zealand	:	All components are listed or exempted.
Philippines	:	All components are listed or exempted.
Republic of Korea	:	All components are listed or exempted.
Taiwan	:	All components are listed or exempted.
Turkey	:	Not determined.
United States	:	All components are listed or exempted.

Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)

Health	/	0
Flammability		3
Physical hazards		0

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual. History

Histor y		
Date of printing	:	08/21/2019
Date of issue/Date of revision	:	08/20/2019
Date of previous issue	:	00/00/0000
Version	:	1.0
Key to abbreviations	:	ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
·		BCF = Bioconcentration Factor
		GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of
		Chemicals

7005YLPED FCM YELLOW

Version Number 1.0 Revision Date 08/20/2019



Page 17 of 17 Print Date 08/21/2019

IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container
IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient
MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From
Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine
pollution)
UN = United Nations
Not available.

References

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the abovenamed supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist. Particularly this information may not be valid for such material used in conjunction with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

: