

Edgetek™

The Edgetek™ High Performance Formulations portfolio covers a broad range of standard and custom formulated materials. This portfolio includes high-temperature materials for elevated service temperature environments, high-modulus/structural materials for load-bearing and high-strength applications, and flame-retardant products. These materials are based on select engineering thermoplastic resins that are formulated with reinforcing additives such as carbon fiber, glass fiber and glass beads.

Base Resin	PPA	PC	PSU	PES	PPS	Co- polymer Acetal	PEEK	PA
Barrel Tempera	Barrel Temperatures* °F (°C)							
Rear Zone	550-580 (288-305)	550-590 (288-310)	600-640 (316-338)	630-660 (332-338)	550-580 (288-304)	350-370 (177-188)	660-700 (349-371)	440-490 (227-254)
Center Zone	560-600 (293-316)	570-600 (300-316)	620-670 (327-354)	650-680 (343-360)	560-615 (293-324)	380-390 (193-200)	700-730 (371-388)	470-510 (243-266)
Front Zone	580-620 (304-327)	580-630 (304-322)	630-680 (332-360)	670-730 (354-388)	590-630 (310-332)	390-430 (200-221)	720-750 (382-400)	490-540 (254-282)
Nozzle	575-615 (302-324)	580-630 (304-322)	630-680 (332-360)	680-700 (360-371)	600-625 (316-330)	380-415 (193-213)	720-750 (382-400)	520-570 (271-300)
Melt Temperature	575-615 (302-324)	580-625 (304-330)	625-675 (330-358)	650-710 (343-377)	600-625 (316-330)	370-410 (188-210)	670-740 (354-393)	520-570 (271-300)
Mold Temperature	250-300 (121-150)	175-240 (80-116)	190-300 (88-150)	225-325 (107-164)	250-325 (121-164)	190-250 (88-121)	290-375 (143-190)	150-200 (66-93)
Pack & Hold Pressure	50%-75% of Injection Pressure							
Injection Velocity in/s	1.0-3.0							
Back Pressure psi	50							
Screw Speed rpm	50-90							
Drying Parameters °F (°C)	6 hrs @ 175 (80)	4 hrs @ 250 (121)	4 hrs @ 275 (135)	4 hrs @ 250 (121)	3 hrs @ 300 (150)	2 hrs @ 200 (93)	3 hrs @ 275 (135)	4 hrs @ 180 (82)
Cushion in	0.125-0.250							
Screw Compression Ratio	2.5:1-3.5:1	2.0:1-2.5:1	2.5:1-3.5:1	2.5:1-3.5:1	2.5:1-3.5:1	2.5:1-3.5:1	2.5:1-3.5:1	2.5:1-3.5:1
Nozzle Type	General Purpose	General Purpose	General Purpose	General Purpose	General Purpose	General Purpose	General Purpose	Reverse Taper
Clamp Pressure	5-6 Tons/in² of projected area of cavities and runner system							

 $^{^{}st}$ Barrel temperatures should be elevated for compounds designed for electrical insulative properties.

STARTUP & SHUTDOWN	RECOMMENDATIONS
Purge Compound	HDPE or HIPS
Recycling	Recycling Edgetek [™] up to 20% is permissible. Testing the application is highly recommended to determine the effect recycling has on the desired physical properties.

MOLD DESIGN	RECOMMENDATIONS
Gates	 Many different types of gates can be used such as pin, fan, tunnel, tab and edge gates. Gate type should be selected based on location and part geometry. Gate diameters equivalent to 50% of the average wall thickness are recommended. Land lengths of 0.020"-0.035" (0.50mm-0.90mm) are typically recommended.
Runners	 Full-round runners or a modified trapezoid runner are the best designs. Half-round runners are not recommended. Only naturally balanced runner systems ("H" pattern) are recommended. Runner diameters larger than 0.150" (3.8mm) and not exceeding 0.375" (9.5mm) are recommended. Step each 90° bend in the system down in size (from sprue to gate) approximately 1/16" (1.5mm) to reduce pressure drop. Place vents at each 90° intersection and vent to atmosphere. Hot runner molds are acceptable and should be sized by the manufacturer.
Cold Slug Wells	 Place these wells at the base of the sprue to capture the cold material first emerging from the nozzle. Place wells at every 90° bend in the runner system. Well depths approximately 1.5 times the diameter of the runner provide the best results.
Venting	 Place vents at the end of fill and anywhere potential knit/weld lines will occur. All vents need to be vented to atmosphere. For circular parts, full perimeter venting is recommended. Cut vent depths to: PPA Compounds: 0.0015"-0.0025" depth and 0.250" width PC Compounds: 0.002"-0.004" depth and 0.250" width PSU Compounds: 0.003"-0.004" depth and 0.250" width PES Compounds: 0.003"-0.004" depth and 0.250" width PPS Compounds: 0.002"-0.003" depth and 0.250" width Acetal Compounds: 0.0015" minimum depth and 0.250" width PEEK Compounds: 0.002"-0.004" depth and 0.250" width Nylon Compounds: 0.002" minimum depth and 0.250" width Increase vent depth to 0.060" (1.5mm) at 0.250" (4.0mm) away from the cavity and vent to atmosphere.
Draft Angle	Maintain a minimum draft angle of 1/2° per side.

TROUBLESHOOTING RECOMMENDATIONS

PROBLEM	CAUSE	SOLUTION	
Excessive Shrink	Too much orientation	 Increase packing time and pressure Increase hold pressure Decrease melt temperature Decrease mold temperature Decrease injection speed Decrease screw rpm Increase venting Increase cooling time 	
Not Enough Shrink	Too little orientation	Decrease packing pressure and time Decrease hold pressure Increase melt temperature Increase mold temperature Increase injection speed Increase screw rpm Decrease cooling time	
Burning	Melt and/or mold temperature too hot	 Decrease nozzle and barrel temperatures Decrease mold temperature Decrease injection speed 	
	Mold design	Clean, widen and increase number of vents Increase gate size or number of gates	
	Moisture	Verify material is dried at proper conditions	
Nozzle Drool	Nozzle temperature too hot	Decrease nozzle temperature Decrease back pressure Increase screw decompression Verify material has been dried at proper conditions	
Weld Lines	Melt front temperatures too low	 Increase pack and hold pressure Increase melt temperature Increase vent width and locations Increase injection speed Increase mold temperature 	
	Mold design	 Decrease injection speed Increase gate size Perform short shots to determine fill pattern and verify proper vent location Add vents and/or false ejector pin Move gate location 	
Warp	Excessive orientation	Increase cooling time Increase melt temperature Decrease injection pressure and injection speed	
	Mold design	Increase number of gates	
Sticking in Mold	Cavities are overpacked	 Decrease injection speed and pressure Decrease pack and hold pressure Decrease nozzle and barrel temperatures Decrease mold temperature Increase cooling time 	
	Mold design	Increase draft angle	
	Part is too hot	 Decrease nozzle and barrel temperatures Decrease mold temperature Increase cooling time 	

TROUBLESHOOTING RECOMMENDATIONS

PROBLEM	CAUSE	SOLUTION	
Incomplete Fill	Melt and/or mold temperature too cold	 Increase nozzle and barrel temperatures Increase mold temperature Increase injection speed Increase pack and hold pressure Increase nozzle tip diameter Check thermocouples and heater bands 	
	Mold design	 Enlarge or widen vents and increase number of vents Check that vents are unplugged Check that gates are unplugged Enlarge gates and/or runners Perform short shots to determine fill pattern and verify proper vent location Increase wall thickness to move gas trap to parting line 	
	Shot Size	Increase shot size Increase cushion	
Brittleness	Melt temperature too low	Increase melt temperature Increase injection speed Measure melt temperature with pyrometer	
	Degraded/Overheated material	Decrease melt temperature Decrease back pressure Use smaller barrel/excessive residence time	
	Gate location and/or size	Relocate gate to nonstress area Increase gate size to allow higher flow speed and lower molded-in stress	
Fibers on Surface (Splay)	Melt temperature too low	Increase melt temperatureIncrease mold temperatureIncrease injection speed	
	Insufficient packing	Increase pack and hold pressure, and time Increase shot size Increase gate size	
Sink Marks	Part geometry too thick	Reduce wall thickness Reduce rib thickness	
	Melt temperature too hot	Decrease nozzle and barrel temperatures Decrease mold temperature	
	Insufficient material volume	Increase shot size Increase injection rate Increase packing pressure Increase gate size	
Flash	Injection pressure too high	 Decrease injection pressure Increase clamp pressure Decrease injection speed Increase transfer position 	
	Excess material volume	Decrease pack pressureDecrease shot sizeDecrease injection speed	
	Melt and/or mold temperature too hot	Decrease nozzle and barrel temperatures Decrease mold temperature Decrease screw speed	

